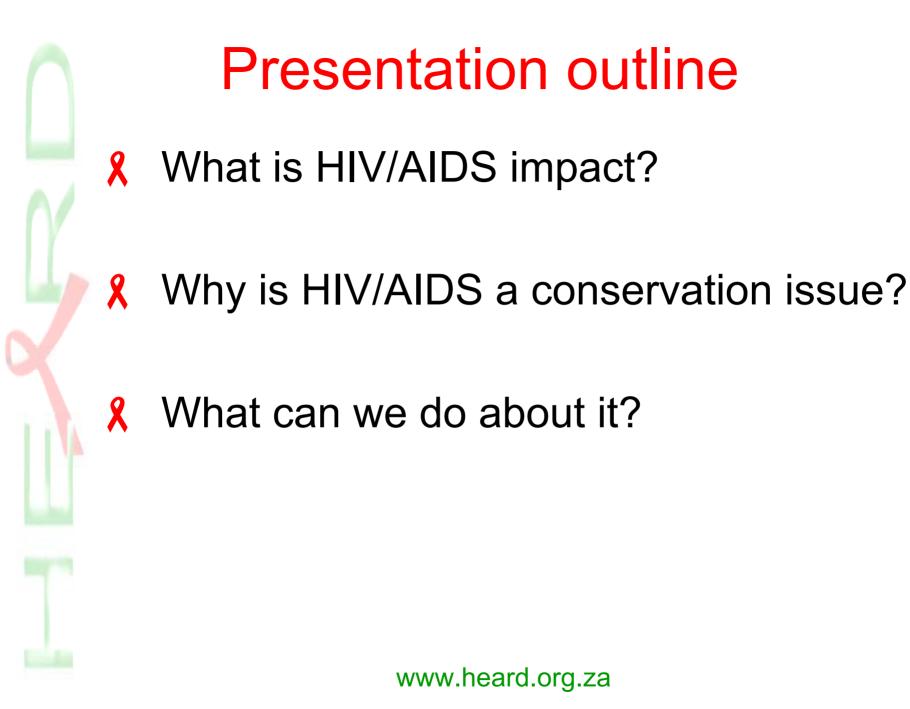
Effective responses to HIV/AIDS

The Conservation Sector

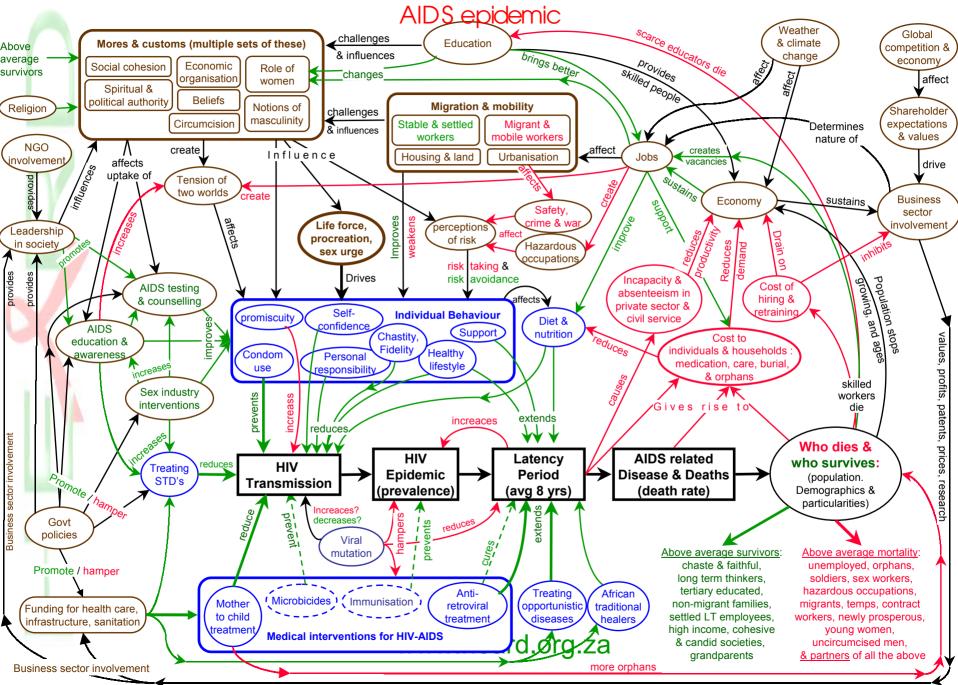
Su Erskine

The Health Economics and HIV/AIDS Research Division (HEARD), University of Natal, South Africa

"Conservation in Crisis" College of African Wildlife Management, Mweka 10th – 12th December 2003



Autonomy of HIV in Complex Societies - A systems model of the S'n Africa

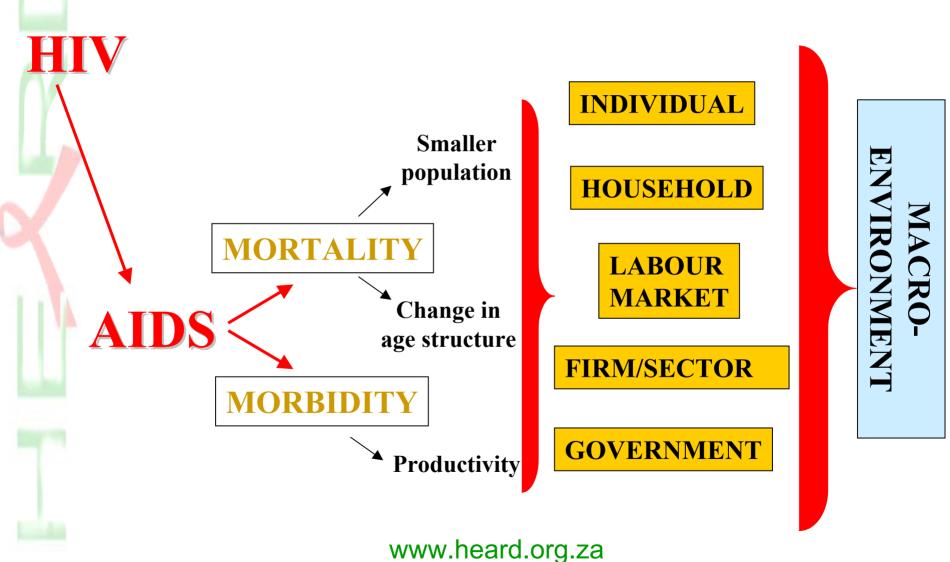


HIV/AIDS Impacts

- Are long term
- Cccur at all levels of society



Pathways to impact



HIV/AIDS Impacts

- Are long term
- Occur at all levels of society
- Affect the very fabric of society
 Economic
 Demographic
 - Social

www.heard.org.za

Rural household responsesFOOD SECURITYINCOMELABOR

Eat cheaper foods

Diversify income

Reduce consumption

Call in social & familial obligations (send children to relatives)

Eat wild foods

Migrate

Borrow (from informal sector/relatives) Sell assets (dissaving) Use savings or investments (dissaving) Reallocate labor – e.g. children leave school Work extra hours

Hire labor & draft animals

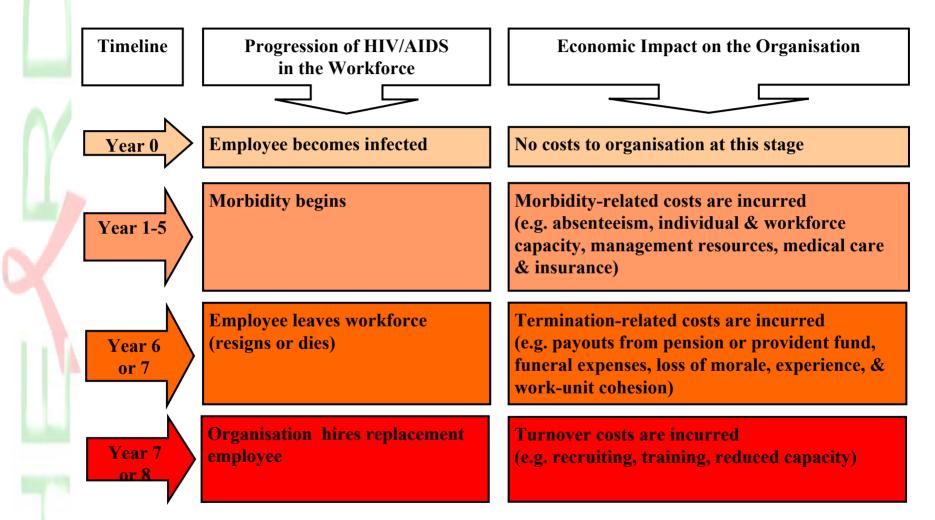
Decrease cultivated areas Call in social & familial obligations (ask relatives to help)

Diversify income

Beg

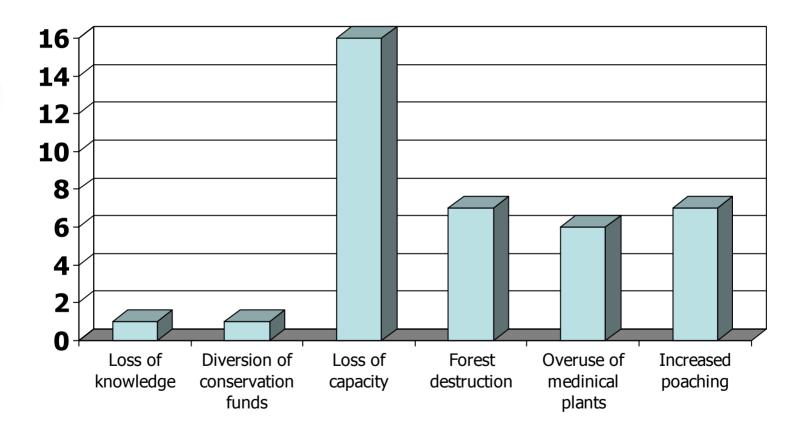
Beg www.heard.org.za

Generic Organisational Costs



Effect on operational costs, capacity to manage & protect the environment & demand for capital/labor www.heard.org.za

Main issues identified as Impacts to NRM due to the HIV/AIDS epidemic



www.heard.org.za

Source: ABCG workshop proceedings, September 2002 The susceptibility & vulnerability of conservation workforce

- X Large, skilled & knowledgeable workforce
- 8 Mobile/migrant workers
 - From homes
 - Within the field
 - Conomic characteristics
 - Relative wealth
 - Remoteness of work environment
 - Poor access to health care
 - Living arrangements

So what do we do about it? Formal legislation Best practice from other sectors Prevention, Mitigation, Leadership R Develop innovative responses Communication & partnerships Training Peer educator programs Students (the future workforce) Preserve indigenous knowledge systems ***** Care, treatment & support options

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Where to start

- Institutional Audit & KAP Surveys
 - Assess impact
 - Understand vulnerabilities & susceptibilities
 - Identify obstacles/constraints
 - Identify opportunities
- NRM is impacted by, but also impacts on HIV infection

Ezemvelo KZN Wildlife

- Assess potential impact of core functions
 - Conservation
 - Conservation partnerships
 - Ecotourism
 - Support functions

- R Organizational visibility
 - Line item in Strategic Plan
 - HIV/AIDS program funding secured
 - Establishment of HIV/AIDS committee
- 8 Benefit fund structures
 - Retirement fund, medical aid schemes
 - Cccupational health
 - Nurses employed
- R Partnerships
 - Health facilities, provincial HIV/AIDS programs, traditional medicines
 - HEARD
- 8 Education
 - From the inside out

...and others

- WWF policies on HIV/AIDS
- Great Limpopo Transboundary NRM Initiative
- Multi-sectoral HIV/AIDS project (Tanzania)
 - Eastern Arc Forests Conservation & Management Project (Tanzania)
- Indigenous Knowledge & HIV/AIDS (Ghana & Zambia)
- Orchidmania (<u>www.orchids.org.za</u>)

The role of conservation in the HIV/AIDS epidemic

- Healthy people depend on healthy environments
- Restaurce natural resources are available
- Provide education & support to employees (& families)
- Extend services to local communities

An Action Agenda

There are no:

- Simple solutions
- Short term solutions
- X Technical/medical solutions
- Imposed solutions
- Money is not the answer
- X Drugs are only part of the answer
- **X** A multisectoral response

"...the environment does not exist in a sphere separate from human actions, ambitions and needs..."

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